Can Increasing Patient Activation Improve the Outcomes of Care?

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What is Patient Activation?

An activated consumer:

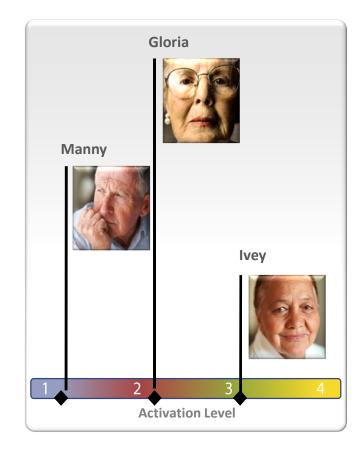
- Has the knowledge, skill and confidence to take on the role of managing their health and health care
 - Informed choices
 - Partner in care
 - Self management/prevention
- Activation varies within age, income, education groups, even among people with low literacy skill
- Demographics tend to account for 5% to 6% of PAM score variation





Patient Activation Measure

1.	When all is said and done, I am the person who is responsible for taking care of my health	Disagree Strongly	Disagree	Agree	Agree Strongly	N/A
2.	Taking an active role in my own health care is the most important thing that affects my health	Disagree Strongly	Disagree	Agree	Agree Strongly	N/A
3.	I know what each of my prescribed medications do	Disagree Strongly	Disagree	Agree	Agree Strongly	N/A
4.	I am confident that I can tell whether I need to go to the doctor or whether I can take care of a health problem myself.	Disagree Strongly	Disagree	Agree	Agree Strongly	N/A
5.	I am confident that I can tell a doctor concerns I have even when he or she does not ask.	Disagree Strongly	Disagree	Agree	Agree Strongly	N/A
6.	I am confident that I can follow through on medical treatments I may need to do at home	Disagree Strongly	Disagree	Agree	Agree Strongly	N/A
7.	I have been able to maintain (keep up with) lifestyle changes, like eating right or exercising	Disagree Strongly	Disagree	Agree	Agree Strongly	N/A
8.	I know how to prevent problems with my health	Disagree Strongly	Disagree	Agree	Agree Strongly	N/A
9.	I am confident I can figure out solutions when new problems arise with my health.	Disagree Strongly	Disagree	Agree	Agree Strongly	N/A
10.	I am confident that I can maintain lifestyle changes, like eating right and exercising, even during times of stress.	Disagree Strongly	Disagree	Agree	Agree Strongly	N/A



Activation is developmental



Level 1

Starting to take a role

Patients do not yet grasp that they must play an active role in their own health. They are disposed to being passive recipients of care.



Level 2

Building knowledge and confidence

Patients lack the basic health-related facts or have not connected these facts into larger understanding of their health or recommended health regiment.



Level 3

Taking action

Patients have the key facts and are beginning to take action but may lack confidence and the skill to support their behaviors.



Level 4

Maintaining behaviors

Patients have adopted new behaviors but may not be able to maintain them in the face of stress or health crises.

Increasing Level of Activation

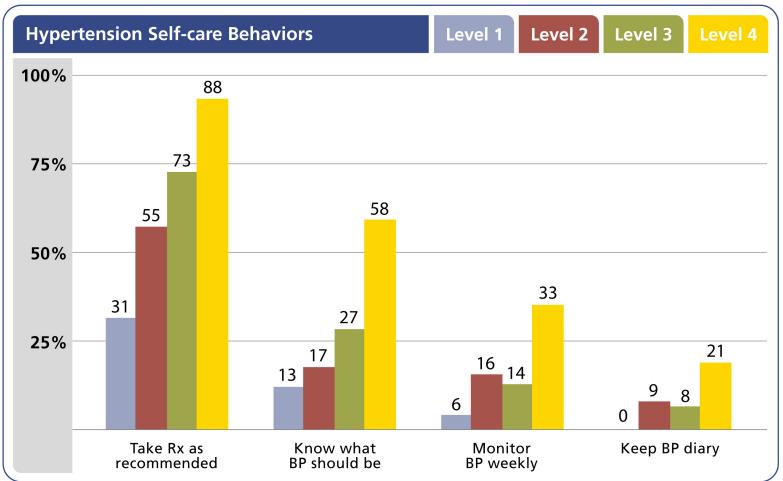
Source: J.Hibbard, University of Oregon

Activation Level is Predictive of Behaviors

Research consistently finds that those who are more activated are:

- Engaged in more <u>preventive behaviors</u>
- Engaged in more <u>healthy behaviors</u>
- Engaged in more <u>disease specific self-</u> <u>management behaviors</u>
- Engaged in more health <u>information seeking</u>
 behaviors

Level of activation is linked with each behavior



Source: US National sample 2004

Insights

- Use activation level to determine what are realistic "next steps" for individuals to take
- Many of the behaviors we are asking of people are only done by those in highest level of activation
- When we focus on the more complex and difficult behaviors— we discourage the least activated
- Start with behaviors more feasible for patients to take on, increases individual's opportunity to experience success

What is the Evidence that Patient Activation is Linked with Better Outcomes?

- Reviewed findings from over 100 studies that quantified patient activation
- Higher activated individuals are more likely to engage in positive health behaviors and to have better health outcomes
- Lower activated individuals more likely to be hospitalized and to use the ED
- Activation also linked with better care experiences



Activation can predict utilization and health outcomes two years into the future for diabetics

	% change for a 1 point change in PAM Score	10 Point Gain in PAM Score 54 (L2) vs. 64(L3)	P
Hospitalization	1.7% decline	17% decreased likelihood of hospitalization	.03
Good A1c control (HgA1c < 8%)	1.8% gain	18% greater likelihood of good glycemic control	.01
A1c testing	2.40/ gain	34% greater	.01
LDL-c testing	3.4% gain	likelihood of testing	

Carol Remmers. *The Relationship Between the Patient Activation Measure, Future Health Outcomes, and Health Care Utilization Among Patients with Diabetes.* Kaiser Care Management Institute, PhD Dissertation.

Multivariate analysis which controlled for age group, gender, race, comorbidities and number of diabetes-related prescriptions.

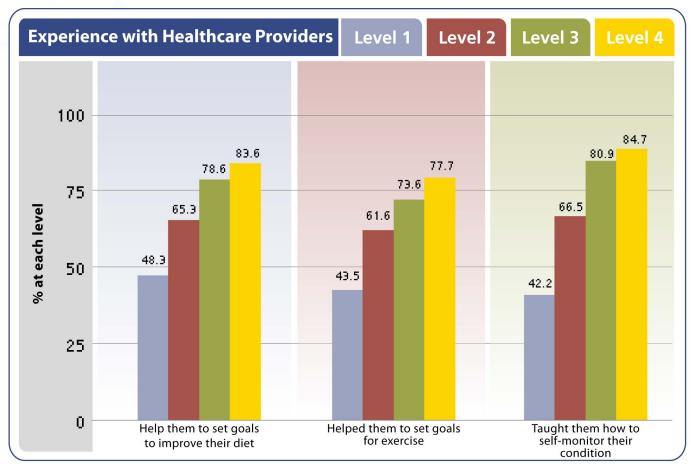
Less Activated Patients have Higher Healthcare Costs

- After controlling for demographics and severity, less activated patients have 8% higher costs in the base year 21% higher costs in the following year than more activated patients.
- Similar differences when looking within disease categories.

Physician Support for Patient Activation Varies

- Measurable with the CS-PAM, (clinician support for patient activation)
- Clinicians can help patients gain in their ability manage
 - Tailor support to the patient's level of activation. Encourage steps that are realistic setting patients up for succes

Patients who get more support from their Doctors are more activated.



Source: Center For Studying Health System Change 2007 Household Tracking Study Differences between level 4 and other levels significant at p<.05

Innovative Delivery Systems

- PAM score is a Vital Sign— used by all team members to tailor care
- Allocate resources based on both patient clinical profile and PAM score— providing more help to those patients less able to self-manage
- More efficient use of resources: target those who need more help
- Used as an intermediate outcome of care measure

